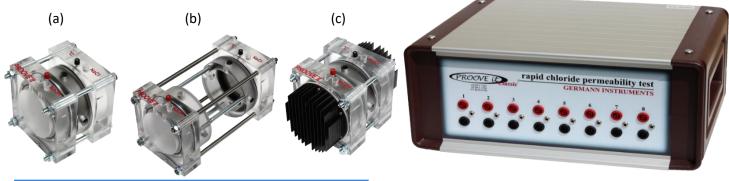
## **NDTitans in action**



## Case 1.4 PROOVE'it Electrical methods for chloride ingress

## ASTM C 1202 (RCPT) ASTM C 1760 (Bulk Conductivity) NT BUILD 492 (Migration Coefficient)

With cell type (a)
With cell type (b)
With cell type (c)



File Setup Start Unlock	Stop Res	et Report	Documentation					
PROOVE IT  ASTMC 1202								
<b>10</b>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Status:								
Actual voltage (V):								
Actual current (mA):	171,4	393,8	267,1	267,3	268,0	393,5	59,8	267,8
Temperature (°C):	25,0	26,8	23,3	26,2	23,9	24,9	23,7	25,6
Elapsed time:	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00	6:00
Pred. coulombs (adjusted):	3361	7678	5208	5212	5225	7671	1167	5221
Testing time:								
Specimen diameter:								
Coulombs (adjusted):	3363	7678	5208	5212	5225	7672	1167	5222
Permeability class:	Mod.	High	High	High	High	High	Low	High



## **Testing examples:**

**ASTM C 1202** Right, 8 specimens tested simultaneously. The permeability classes are stated at the bottom of the screen. Testing time 6 hours with predicted Coulombs after 5 minutes.

**ASTM C 1760** Below to the right, one specimen tested for Bulk Conductivity. The conductivity after 1 minute of testing was 25 mS/m

**NT BUILD 492** below an example of a chloride penetration tested in accordance with NT BUILD 492 using the PR-1100 cell and the PR-1040 software to evaluate the non-steady-state diffusion migration coefficient. For an applied voltage 30V, test duration t = 24 hours the chloride penetration depth was 8 mm equiv. to a chloride migration coefficient  $D_{nssm}$  of 106 mm<sup>2</sup>/y following the NT BUILD 492 calculations.

